WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCT. 16, 1861

The Tripartite Treaty. It is appounced in foreign journals that Engand, France and Spain have entered into a tripartite treaty or agreement for the seizure of the revenue accruing in the principal ports of Mexico and the appropriation of one half the same to the payment of claims, which they pro-

fess to have against the latter country. Tripartite is understood to mean consisting of three parts. It may have reference to the parties to the treaty or agreement or to the subject matter of the stipulation, or to both. In this case it seems there are three parties to the alleged treaty, and that the revenue collected or more properly seized is first to be halved-one half to be retained by Mexico, and the other to be divided among the three powers, England,

France and Spain. The United States as well as the parties t the tripartite treaty has claims against Mexico. But it does not appear that we were asked to become a party to the treaty, and thus make it a quadruple alliance. It has been asserted in an English journal that the treaty had the concurrence of our Government, but there does not appear to have been any authority for the state-

England, France, Russia, etc., have long been attending to the case of a "sick man" in Europe. Now it seems they are disposed to extend their kind offices to a patient on this continent and administer upon her goods and chattels while she is yet reckoned among the living. This is hardly, according to the common understanding, "In due course of law;" but it may be all right according to the course of European diplomacy.

It is said that Mexico, in order to save herself from the three buzzards that are bovering over her yet animated form, has applied to the United States for a loan of from four to ten million dollars, and that Minister Coawin thinks our Government should grant the application as a measure of policy. It would no doubt be a very good thing on our part to let Mexico have the money, if we have it to spare, as it would secure her friendship and gratitude, and convince the tripartites that we are still strong in make the loan or not is a question to be settled in Cabinet council.

metal of the United States. If Mexico cannot help herself, and we cannot help her in her present strait, the next step the tripartite powers will take may be to establish a joint protectorate over the "sick" Republic, and eventually divide her landed estate between themselves.

We know what extravagant notions some of our own leading men entertain; and it may be the Republican press, will be stimulated to that some European statesmen cherish ideas still more visionary. It may be that some Englishmen are dreaming of ultimately anexing our Northern States to Canada; that some Frenchmen have dim, yet pleasing anticipations of reviving and perfecting some sort of an obthat some European statesmen cherish ideas solete claim to Louisians and the Southern the spread of this error should be arrested.

States, while Spanish Dons may be even thinking that a Captain-Generalship over a few of our States in the neighborhood of Cuba would do not believe any such organization as above our States in the neighborhood of Cuba would do not believe any such organization as above be a fat and agreeable office. These points have, we presume, been discussed and arranged have, we presume, been discussed and arranged their mutual satisfaction by nobles and gen-

## The Winter Campaign.

We may consider, we suppose, the summer campaign as about over, for we hear talk o going into winter quarters.

Reckoning from the bombardment of Sumter and the call of the President for three months' volunteers, to the present time, the summer campaign has lasted six months. It has produced some good results and some rather bad

tional Capital, while the remainder of the Grand Army is to be divided into divisions, according to General McCLELLAN's plan, and take the field for active and offensive opera-

It is gratifying to note that General Mirron-

To the People of Franklin County-ian Administration to which, politically, I am to Col. Taylor (rebel commander at Springfield)

The undersigned, having been appointed as ne Military Committee of Franklin county, are alled upon by the proclamation of Gevernor manison, of the 19th instant, to take immedi measures for procuring from our citizens ing and blankets for the troops of our State, w in the field.

tizens of Franklin county, who have the means of contributing blankets and articles of clothing, to be applied to the comfort of our soldiers during the rapidly approaching inclement seaon, to come forward promptly with all such articles as they can spare for this purpose.

Until the names of agents in the townships are duly announced, bring or send what you have to contribute to Columbus, the Committee having designated the bookstore of Joseph H Riley as a depot for the collection of such con

Let every article be marked with the nat the person furnishing it, and with some notice whether it is to be given or sold.

When the articles are collected, they will be at once invoiced, and passed over to the State authorities, to be forwarded to the soldiers. We want especially good blankets, shirts ocks and drawers, all of which should be of

periling their lives in support of the Government

which gives you prosperity and protection. PETER AMBOS, JOSEPH H. RILEY, R. G. McLEAN. J. B. POTTER, L. W. BABBITT. C. N. OLDS, JAMES H. SMITH, Franklin County Military Committee.

City papers will please publish one time [For the Ohio Statesman.] The Humbug of Knights of the Gold-en Circle Expleded.

Ma. Epiron: I desire through the medium of your valuable paper to speak to the Democracy of Ohio, upon a question in which the honor and loyalty of the Democracy of the State, and When we came to Berwick, at Joe Robinson's, I when we came to Berwick, at Joe Robinson's, I heard them telling what they were giving these racy of Marion county, is immediately interested. I refer to the pretended discovery of "a in favor of the Union, the Constitution, and the control of the Knights of the Golden Circle" in this county, and the belief in the minds of many lieve that C. Martin and others were engaged to the pretended the control of the laws of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the laws of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the laws of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the laws of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the laws of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the laws of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the laws of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the laws of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and others were engaged to the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and the control of the U.S. A. I believe that C. Martin and the control of the U.S. the "sinews of war." But whether we can not less so the honor and loyalty of the Democ-There is something significant in this joint
There is something significant in this joint
There is something significant in this joint
this county, and the belief in the minds of many
alliance of England, France and Spain, in rethis county, and the belief in the minds of many
alliance of England, France and Spain, in rethis county, and the belief in the minds of many
in this fraud to deceive people and gain their
yotes.

PETER HOPKINS. that such an order does really exist among usnay, that it permeates every county of Ohio, if not every State of the North. It is proper that the spread of this idea, for our own safety, bonor and welfare, as well as to prevent the deleterious effect such a thing must have upon the the late battle at Hatteras: South, who, taking the sensational reports of FIVE HUNDRED OF THE ENEMY more determined opposition to the Govern-

give an expose of the pretended "expose" upon which these rumors, as well as the arrests of myself and others have been predicated. It will be remembered that soon after the fall

of Sumter a perfect reign of terror pervaded the entire North; particularly so in Ohio. Every county felt the blighting influence of this feil spirit—indeed every township. Mobbing of Democratic effices, Democratic editors and leading Democrats, were common occurrences. In no county was this spirit more determined, implacable and wild than in Marion county. I, myself, was met upon the streets and beaten. duced some good results and some rather bad ones. Its record is before the country; but we have now neither the time nor inclination to dwell upon it.

But what of the winter campaign? We trust that this talk of going into winter quarters does not mean that operations are to be suspended or even slackened during the next six months; but that on the contrary still greater vigor and efficiency are to mark the movements of the Union forces, military and naval.

It is stated that winter quarters are being prepared at Washington for sixty thousand troops. This means, we presume, that that number is to be retained as a guard for the national Capital, while the remainder of the line of the line ones. It is we then streets and beaten, and my office entered by a mob, and was only prevented being demolished by the timely interposition of friends. Nor this only; but I and others were subsequently repeatedly threatened and myself hung and burned in efflgy. Such was the condition of things when Democratic roce in their might and majesty in this county, pledging themselves one to another to protect each and all "from mob violence, so long as they obeyed the Constitution and laws of the United States." This pledge was only semi-secretwith only enough secrecy to become organized, and enough leakage to it to let the mob-Republicans know their fate should they attempt again to exercise mob spirit upon peaceable and law-shiding citizens. This was all there was number is to be retained as a guard for the national Capital, while the remainder of the longer of the law shiding citizens. This was surfaced disappared. Of sourse when the ones of the law and comparative peace ensued. Of sourse when the ones of the law and comparative peace ensued. Of sourse when the ones of the law and comparative peace ensued. Of sourse when the ones of the law and their troops were left to take them induced them to keep at a safe discance, and their troops were left to their fate. As soon as night set in, the Monticello dand their troops were left to t comparative peace ensued. Of course when the object for which it was started disappeared the organization cessed, and had not been thought of for weeks, if not months, prior to

dministration to was justice.
sed, will do me simple justice.
Very respectfully,
THOS. HODDER.

Carter's School House, in Green Camp Township, of this county, Samuel Chency called to me and took me out of the school house where C. Martin was. C. Martin gave the sign of the National Democratic organization, which object was to resist mobsupon Democrats, and protect them according to the laws of the U.S. A. It answered it. He then gave me whisky to drink; I drank it. Then he wanted me to administer the following oath, being the second one in the Republican circular, to wit: SECOND OATH.

sleep until Abraham Lincoln, now President, shall be removed from the Presidential chair; and I will wade in blood up to my knees, as soon as Jefferson Davis sees proper to march with his army to take the city of Washington and his army to take the city of Washington and the White House, to do the same. So help me God and keep me steadfast to perform the

I refused to take it. He then wanted me to administer it to S. Cheney. That I refused to do, as I did not know it, having never taken it strong woolen fabric, and of red or gray color, As soon as further arrangements can be made for effecting the purpose of this call, they without an hour's delay. Be generous—think it is a duty you owe to those who are so nobly and Tom Hodder, or Marion, and others belonged, and inquired of me who had the papers. It told him who. C. Martin wanted me to go pand get the papers that S. Cheney might put billty, one in Montgomery and one in Bucks—his name to it. I told him there was no name to it. C. Martin said he wanted to decidedly in favor of the Democratic party, and the state is decidedly in favor of the Democratic party, and did not get the papers of me. This is about all

Samuel Cheney then told me that if I had brought the papers to have him sign his name, be would have snatched it from me; and they took it to Marion. Then we parted. I solemnly swear that I never saw said oath or heard of it from any Democrat. The first time I ever heard it, was from G. Martin. I never knew of a Democrat taking it, or heard of one. The next day they came out and took me to Marion. They fetched a sample pistol to me, my father and John Rice, before they came to town.—
They came to my father's with this sample of pistols. I asked him if he was not around deceiving folks. He said he was not. He wanted me to make thoice of form to aid Jeff. Davis.—
I told him I did not need make any choice. I told h of a Democrat taking it, or heard of one. The

The Battle at Hatteras.

lieve, despite the arrests of prominent Demoto their mutual satisfaction by nobles and gentlemen belonging to the three powers.

All this, our readers will say, is harmless sport. Not altogether harmless; for it fosters in the European mind the notion that the United States have become divided and weak, and are, therefore, a subject of lawful plunder. It would be well to check the first motions to carry out such an extravagant surmise; otherwise, we may have to teach foreigners the folly of entertaining t, in a more decisive and expensive mode.

The Winter Campaign.

lieve, despite the arrests of prominent Democrats (myself among the rest), that there is a man so lost to all sense of citizenship; so devoid of loyalty to the Government, under the commanding Braine says that he blessings of which he can as to wish its overthrow, much less take or administer an oath throw, much less take or administer an oath throw of the shells of the presidential Chair, to which he has been legally elected, and place lefferson Davis, a tributed at the commanding of the shells of the shells of the presidential Chair, to which he has been legally elected, an with fragments of the wreck and limbs of human beings. It is considered as being within bounds to say that at least five hundred were cither killed or wounded. Hundreds of the rebels were seen to wade out into the sound up to their necks, and when they would hear a shell ing, they would recommend to the results of the rebels ing, they would recommend to the results of the rebels were seen to wade out into the sound up to their ling, they would recommend to the results of the work and when they would hear a shell ing. were seen to wade out into the sound up to their necks, and when they would hear a shell coming, they would crouch down under the water, and remain as long as they could, and then poke up their heads and listen for the approach of the next messenger of death, and repeat the operation. A more perfect trap could not well have been arranged for their destruction. The belt of land where they were discovered, is not more than a third of a mile wide, and separates Pamlico Sound from the Ocean. Their steamers attempted to come in close enough to take

Ddicts of Emancipation. We expressed some doubt, a few days since as to the practical effect of an edict of emanci the election.

A few days, however, before the election, an extra appeared, issued from the Republican of fice of this place, the editor of which being an irresponsible person, containing a pretended capoe of the "Knights of the Cold pretended them to insurrection—and even if one should be issued by the General Government. It is very clear that such a document would have no force beyond the lines of our Armies unless it should come to the knowledge of the slaves themselves, and incite themselves.

Very respectfully,
THOS. HODDER.

The following is the affidavit referred to in the foregoing communication:
State of Ohlo, Marion county, ss.
I, P. Hopkins, do solemnly awear that I am only twenty years of age, and the 2d day of October, the night of the Republican meeting at J. Carter's School House, in Green Camp Township, of this county, Samuel Chency called to me and took me out of the sales of the s force the threats of his proclamation without involving consequences for which he was not prepared to make himself responsible.

Mere words avail but little in war. Edicts and proclamations are of very little use beyond the line which bounds our ability to enforce

them .- N. Y. Times. Pennsylvania Election

We have but meager returns from the Pennsylvania State election, which took place on the same day as ours in Ohio. The Patriot and "And I furthermore promise and swear, in the presence of Almighty God and the members of the Golden Circle, that I will not rest or the State, and therefore in a good position to understand political matters, in its issue of the 11th inst., says:

From the complexion of the election returns from various quarters of the State, we have little doubt that the Democrats have a majority of the aggregate popular vote, and probably have elected a majority of members to the House of Representatives. The vote in West-moreland county is indicative of a revolution in the western part of the State.

It further adds, in another article: The returns of the election are not sufficient to determine the political complexion of the Legislature; but it is certain that the Demoget the paper so as to come under the first oath, as he had taken the second that night. They

Gen. Reynolds' Official Report of the Battle of Green Brier. HEADQUARTERS FIRST BRIGADE, ALMY OF OCCUPATION, WEST. VA., ELEWATER, Oct. 4, 1861.

Geo. S. Hartsuff, Asa't Adj't General: 818-On the night of the 2d of October, at 12

Kimball's 14th Indiana was advanced directly to the enemy's front and right, to drive his advanced regiments from a position suitable for our artillery; this was soon done in gallant A correspondent of the New York Herald furnishes the following additional particulars of
the late battle at Hatteras:

FIVE HUNDRED OF THE ENEMY KILLED AND
wounded.

At the request of Col. Hawkins, Capt. Lardner remained at anchor, to protect the troops
ner remained at anchor, to protect the troops

and our artillery; this was soon done in gallant style, and our batteries promptly took their positions within about seven hundred yards of the enternehments and opened fire. Some of the entern enemy's fire four hours. The enemy's force was about nine thousand, and we distinctly saw

Very respectfully, etc., J. J. REYNOLDS, Brig. Gen. Commanding. Gro. S. Rose, Ass't Adj't Gen. The following is the official report of the kill d and wounded among the Ohio troops.

Howe's BATTERY-Killed-Francis Enowright,

Rebei Regiments Firing Upon Each

The Atlanta (Ga.) Confederacy contains the following:
Camp Bartow, Pocahontas County, Va.,
Sept. 18.—Since my letter of the 10th inst.,
Gen. Jackson's command has had rather an ex-

citing and adventurous time.

We had not more than got our position before the enemy, as we supposed, were within one hundred yards of us, but the road here made such an abrupt turn and the bushes that intervened were so thick, as to almost hide them from our view. Pretty soon one or two guns were fired, not far from us, when the Newman Guards, which commanded the road, fired one Guards, which commanded the road, ared one volley into the approaching mass of men, which was quickly returned by them, when their commander immediately gave the order to charge upon us. Instantly our bayonets were fixed ready to receive their charge. With a loud yell ready to receive their charge. With a load yell that rent the morning air for miles around, they rushed down upon us, when the firing commenced further down the line to the left of our regiment, by those who had at first been prevented

A few days, however, before the election, an itions.

It is gravilying to note that General Mirror and the search of the search

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Legal Notice. Charies Heath, Plaintiff,
against
Villiam T. Jennings, Benjamin
F. Robinson and James T.
Pettus, Defendants, partners
doing business under the firm
name of W. T. Jennings,
Pettus & Oo.

notice that the plaintiff, Charles Heath, did, on the heavy of October, A. D. 1861, file his petition in the sake office of the Court of Common Pleas in sale unity of Franklin. The prayer and object of which I may of the said defendants the sam of six hundre to recover of the said defendants the sum of six hundre, and seventy-two 35-100 dollars, on a promissory not executed by said defendants on the 18th day of Novem ser, A. D. 1837, in their firm name, due and payable six

ber, A. D. 1857, in their firm name, due and payable six months after date.

Defendants will take notice that they are required to answer said petition on the 28th day of November, A. D. 1861, or said petition will be taken as true, and judg-ment rendered accordingly.

Printer's fees, 36 75.

JOHN M. PUGH, Attorney for Plaintiff

Notice. Auguste Amanda Arnho

Lewis Arnholt.

THE DEFENDANT, LEWIS ARNAL holt, is notified that the plaintiff, Auguste A. Arnholt, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1861, filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Franklin county, Ohlo, her petition for a divorce for two causes: 1. That the defendant Lewis is in prison in the Missouri penitentiary, under conviction and sentence for crime in violating the law of said State. 2. That the said Lewis is and for the last three years and more has been guilty of gross neglect of duty, as husband of said petitioner, in neglecting to provide subelseence for the petitioner and child. Prayer—That the said petitioner may be divorced, and have the custody of the child Ferdinand, mentioned in the petition, and general prayer for equity.

Domestic Cotton Goods. BAIN & SON

FFER the most Extensive Assort.

Brown and Bleached Cotton Flannels; "Muslins; Barnsley Cotton Sheetings;
Select Styles of Calico's and Delaines;
Tickings, Shirtings, Ginghams,
And Cotton Battings.
Also, Blankets, Flannels,
Cassimeres, Cloak Cloths, etc., etc.
Much below regular prices.

BAIN 4

Flannel Shirtings. LAIN, PLAID, STRIPED&TWILL

Army Woolen Bocks.

Army Woolen Bocks.

Enaker Ribbed Bocks.

Under Shirts and Drawers.

Cotton and Merino Socks.

Golden Hill Shirts.

Gent's Kid Gloves.

Gent's Linen Collars, Neck Ties,

RAIN & SON,

No. 29 South High Street.

VERY STYLISH STRIPED CLOTH
SHAWLS, in new designs at \$3 00—Yalue \$5 00.
1,500 yards Super Plain Black Silk at \$1 00—Value
\$1 25 a yard.
Propch Marines 604 rinos, 62% cents—Value 87% cts a yard.
75 cents—value \$1 00 a yard.
BAIN & BON,
No. 29 South High Street

DRINTED OTTOMAN REPS. Plain Ottoman Oloths;
Magenta and Black Check Valencias;
Broche Ronbaix Dress Goods;
Balmoral Skirts;
Alexanders' Kid Gloves;
Gore Trail Hoop chirts.
Corretts. Hair Nets,
Plaid Merinos.

No. 29 South High Street **GREAT BARGAINS** 

Millinery CAN NOW BE HAD AT

No. 68 East Town Street.

COUNTRY MILLINERS Can be supplied with every article in their line at **NEW YORK PRICES.** 

A large assortment of RIBBONS, LACES, ETC. ON HAND, OF

THE LATEST STYLES.

Come and See, before Buying else-JOSEPH DOWDALL, Assignee,

Sheriff's Sale.

T. W. Carpenter & Bro. vs. J. G. Knapp & Co. BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF FI. FA. in the above case, and also two other writs, one in favor of John P. Bunn vs. J. G. Knapp & Co., and one in favor of William O. Bunn vs. J. G. Knapp & Co., to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of Delaware county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the store room No. 10 East Broad street, Buckeye Block, in the city of Columbus, sale commencing on

Ambus, sale commencing on Monday, the 14th day of Oct., A. D. 1861, at 9 o'clock a. m., a fine assortment of dry goods an notions, two stoves, one step ladder, two sets Fairbank scales, one desk, one eight day clock, &c., &c.

Printer's fees \$11 25.

G. W. HUFFMAN, Sheriff,

W. R. KENT, Auctioneer. sep28 dtd.

Sheriff's Sale.

lins, Wheelock & Co. Order of sale in attachment J. G. Knapp & Co. DY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE
Do to me directed from the Superior Court of Franklin county, Ohio, in the above case, and another case,
wherein Fred. Butterfield, assignee of Deforest, Armstrong & Co., are plaintiffs, vs. J. G. Knapp & Co., are
defendants, I will offer for male at the atore-room, and
after the executions are astisfied as described in the
above advertisement, the remaining portion of said
stock of goods; sale commencing on Friday, the 18th day of October, A. D. 1861,

G. W. HUFFMAN, Sheriff, By ED. DAVIS, Deputy.

STARLING MEDICAL COLLCE.

COLUMBUS, OHIO. THE REGULAR COURSE OF LEC-TURES in this Institution will commence of THURSDAY, the 24th of OOTOBER, and continue un-til the 1st of March, 1862.

FACULTY. S. M. SMITH, M. D., Professor of Theory and Practice, and Dean FRANCIS CARTER, M. D. of Obstetrics & Diseases of Women & Children JOHN DAWSON, M. D., Prof. of Anatomy and Physiology. J. W. HAMILTON, M. D. Prof. of Surgery. S. LOVING, M. D., Prof. Mat. Med., Thorap. & Med. Jurisp

THEO. G. WORMLEY, M. D. R. N. BARR, M. D., Demonstrator of Apatomy.

Terms:

NOTICE

All bills for transpo and paid by the Assistant Quartermaster U. S. A., at No. 20, State House, Columbus, Ohto.

NEW STORE **HEADLEY & EBERLY** 

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR NEW Nos. 250 and 252 South High Street, and have associated with themselves WM. RICHARDS

Headley, Eberly & Richards,

NEW STYLES OF DRESS GOODS. IRISH SILK AND WOOL POPLINS, PLAIN AND FIGURED REPP GOODS PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS.

The Newest and Neatest styles of Hamilton, Manchester and Pacific Delaines

n the City, can be found at HEADLEY, EBERLY & RICHARDS Balmoral Skirts.

In great variety, just received by HEADLEY, EBERLY & RICHARDS.

ZEPHYR WORSTEDS. EMBROIDERIES, TRIMMINGS.

GLOVES & HOSIERY. LADIES' CLOTH CLOAKS, of the Newest Styles, just received, and also made HEADLEY, EBERLY & RICHARDS.

ALSO HAWLS, CLOTHS, MERINOES. CABSIMERES. SILK & VELVET VESTINGS. SHEETINGS. MERRIMAC PRINTS. HOOP SKIRTS, COTTON CHAIN AND CARPET WARPS

This firm, having adopted the Cash system in the pur-hase and sale of Goods, are enabled to sell from 15 to 20 eroent; less than other houses under the credit system. HEADLEY, EBERLY & RICHARDS. 250 and 252 South High Street,

Columbus, Ohio.

DRY GOODS.

119 SOUTH HIGH STREET OPEN AGAIN.

S. S. EAMES, LATE OF CINCINNATI,

Fall and Winter Dress Goods! which he will sell at prices that will enable him to tain the reputation the Stand already enjoys of being

Cheap Store of the City. Much of the Stock was bought for Cabefors the late extraordinary advance, and all can bold at

LESS THAN CURRENT PRICES.

For Ladies, Misses and Children,

HOOP SKIRTS!

of the very best quality and make. I cortislly invite the old customers of the house, and everybody class, to call and examine my stocks before purchasing elsewhere s. s. Hames,

119 SOUTH HIGH STREET, COLUMBUS, OHIO

FANCY DRESS SILES,
FANCY DRESS SILES,
FANCY DRESS SILES,
FANCY DRESS SILES,
We are now offering our immense stock of Fancy Dress
Siles at prices less han ever before offered in this city.
The attention of the ladies of this city and vicinity is
solicited, as our stock is very select and complete in all
grades of goods in this line.
PETER BAIN,
nov24.
No. 22 South High street.

SPECIAL NOTICES

SELF MADE MEN. Washington, Franklin and Jackson rose to great dis nction by their own merits. James Pyle is also attain ing great distinction by the merit of his unrivalled Dictic Saleratus. Its sales are enormous. Depot, 345

MANHOOD.
HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED. Just Published in a Sealed Envelope; Price 6 cts.:

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND RADICAL OURS OF SPREMATORSHEA OF Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generality, Nervouncess, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-abuse, &c. By Robert J. Oulverwell, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c.

A Boom to Thousands of Sufferers, Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address post paid, on receipt of two stamps, by Dr. OHAB J. C. KLINE, 197 Bowery, New York, Post Office Bo sep7:2md&w

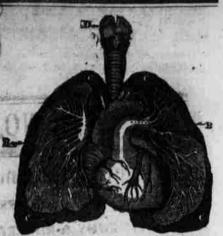
Persons of full habits, Who are subject t Costiveness, Headacho, Giddiness, Drowsiness and sing-ing in the earn, arising from too great a flow of blood to the head, should never be without Brandreth's Pills, and many highly dangerous symptoms will be removed by their immediate use. The Hon. J. Hunt, of Westchester county, N. Y.

The Hon. J. Hunt, of Westenester county, N. Y., seventy-five years of age, has used Brandreth's Pills for twenty five years as his sole medicine. When he feels indisposed, he it from Cold, Rhoumatism, Asthma, Headache, Billous Affeotions, Costiveness or irritation of the kidneys or bladder, he does nothing but take a few doses. of Brandreth's Pills.

His usual method is to take six pills, and reduce t dose each night, one pill. In every attack of sickness for twenty-five years, this simple method has never fation to restore him to health; and few men are to be found a scitre and hearty as he.

Said by Jone R. Cook, Bruggist, Columbus, and by all respectable dealers in medicines. sep10-dlm

The following is an extract from etter written by the Rev. J. S. Holme, paster of the Pierropoint-Street Bapilet Charch, Brocklyn, S. Y., he"Journal and Messenges," Cincinnati, O., and speak



MILLIONS OF MONEY For an Inch of Time! WAS ONCE THE EXCLAMATION OF VV a dying Queen. That inch of time can be pred at a much cheaper rate, and many long years of

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